WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. An optical filter comprising a laminated body with at least a color filter layer, for color correction of an incident lightpereachpixel, laminated on a transparent substrate; having a minute concave-convex surface with an endless number of minute concave-convex formed, by a pitch of the wavelength of the light or less, on a surface of the laminated body which is a surface opposite to the transparent substrate.
- 2. An optical filter comprising a laminated body with at least a color conversion layer, for color conversion of an incident light per each pixel, laminated on a transparent substrate; having a minute concave-convex surface with an endless number of minute concave-convex formed, by a pitch of the wavelength of the light or less, on a surface of the laminated body which is a surface opposite to the transparent substrate.
- 3. An optical filter comprising a laminated body with at least two layers of a color filter layer for color correction of an incident light per each pixel and a color conversion layer for color conversion of the incident light per each pixel are laminated in this order on a transparent substrate; having a minute concave-convex surface with an endless number of minute concave-convex formed, by a pitch of the wavelength of the light or less, on a surface of the laminated body which is a surface opposite to the transparent substrate.

- 4. The optical filter according to claim 1, wherein a hard coating layer is further laminated on a surface of the laminated body which is a surface opposite to the transparent substrate; and a surface of the hard coating layer, which is a surface opposite to the transparent substrate, is the minute concave-convex surface.
- 5. The optical filter according to claim 1, wherein a hard coating layer and a barrier layer are further laminated in this order on a surface of the laminated body which is opposite to the transparent substrate, and a surface of the barrier layer, which is a surface opposite to the transparent substrate, is the minute concave-convex surface.
- 6. The optical filter according to claim 1, wherein a hard coating layer, abarrier layer, and a transparent layer are further laminated in this order on a surface of the laminated body which is a surface opposite to the transparent substrate; and a surface opposite to the transparent substrate is the minute concave-convex surface.
- 7. An organic EL display, wherein an organic EL element comprising a light emitting layer for emitting a light per each pixel is disposed on the minute concave-convex surface side of the optical filter according to claim 1.
 - 8. An organic EL display, wherein an organic EL element

comprising a light emitting layer for emitting a light per each pixel is disposed on the minute concave-convex surface side of the optical filter according to claim 2.

- 9. An organic EL display, wherein an organic EL element comprising a light emitting layer for emitting a light per each pixel is disposed on the minute concave-convex surface side of the optical filter according to claim 3.
- 10. The organic EL display according to claim 7, wherein the optical filter and the organic EL element are disposed with a gap in between.
- 11. The organic EL display according to claim 10, wherein the space in between the optical filter and the organic EL element is filled with a transparent resin.
- 12. The organic EL display according to claim 7, wherein a minute concave-convex surface with an endless number of minute concave-convex formed, by a pitch of the wavelength of the light or less, is provided on the optical filter side of the EL element.
- 13. The organic EL display according to claim 7, wherein the organic EL element is of an active matrix driving type.